

What is an elliptic PDE

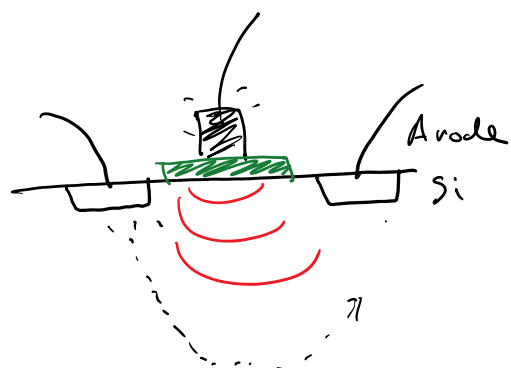
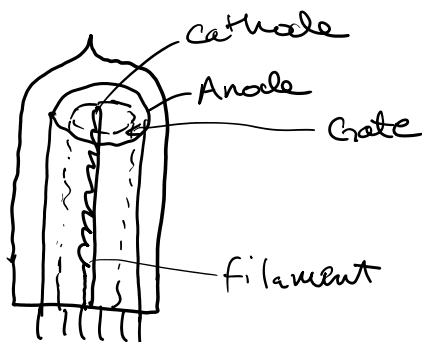
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \rho(x,y) \quad \text{2-D Poisson equation}$$

Want to solve for u !

$$\nabla^2 u = \rho(x,y)$$

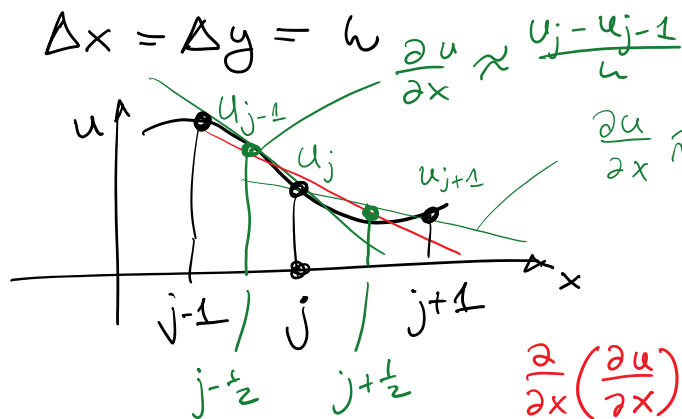
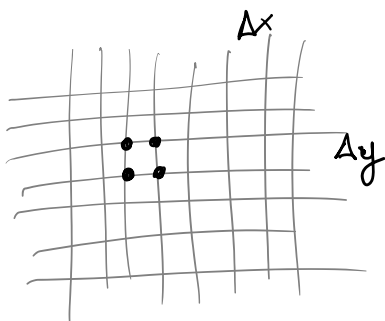
$$\nabla^2 \phi = 0 \quad \text{Laplace Equation}$$

Examples



★ Discretize the continuous equation:

⇒ Write the operator as a grid operator and solve it algebraically.



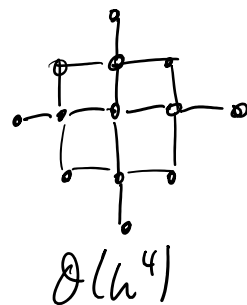
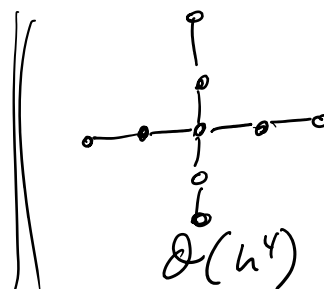
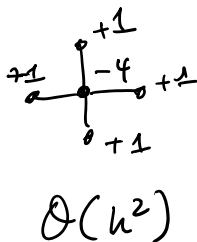
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) \approx \frac{\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_{j+\frac{1}{2}} - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_{j-\frac{1}{2}}}{h}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \Big|_j \approx$$

$$\frac{u_{j+1} - 2u_j + u_{j-1}}{h^2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} +1 & -2 & +1 \\ \hline \end{matrix}$$

In 2-D



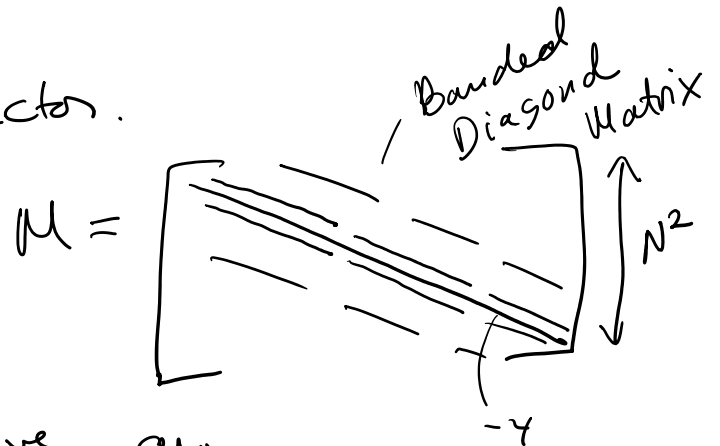
$$\nabla^2 \phi = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \hline \circ \\ \hline \circ \\ \hline \circ \\ \hline \circ \end{array} \right] \phi = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{h^2} \left[\begin{array}{c} \phi_{j+1,e} + \phi_{j-1,e} + \phi_{j,e+1} + \phi_{j,e-1} - 4\phi_{j,e} \end{array} \right] = 0$$

$$\underbrace{\phi_{j,e}}_{N^2 \text{ elements}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\phi_m}_{\text{also } N^2 \text{ elements}} \quad m \in [1 \dots N^2]$$

ϕ_m is a big vector.

$$\underline{M} \underline{\phi} = \underline{b}$$



So we have an exact solution to the discrete problem, (at least in principle)

ϕ_h - exact solution

$\tilde{\phi}_h$ - some approximate solution

Jacobi Method

$$\tilde{\phi}_{j,e}^{\text{new}} \approx \frac{1}{4} \left[\tilde{\phi}_{j+1,e}^{\text{old}} + \tilde{\phi}_{j-1,e}^{\text{old}} + \tilde{\phi}_{j,e+1}^{\text{old}} + \tilde{\phi}_{j,e-1}^{\text{old}} \right]$$

old = new

$$\tilde{\phi}_{j,e}^{\text{new}} - \tilde{\phi}_{j,e}^{\text{old}} \approx \frac{1}{4} \left[\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \hline \circ \\ \hline \circ \\ \hline \circ \end{array} \right]$$

no $\frac{1}{h^2}$ in these stencils?

$\tilde{R} \sim \perp \left[\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \hline \circ \\ \hline \circ \end{array} \right]$ Residual

$$\tilde{R}_{je} \approx \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} \circ & \circ \\ \circ & \circ \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Residual}$$

$N_{\text{iter}} \sim \frac{1}{2} p N^2$ on an $N \times N$ grid to reduce the error by a factor of 10^{-p}

Number of operations $\sim O(N^4)$

$$\tilde{\Phi}_{je}^{\text{new}} - \tilde{\Phi}_{je}^{\text{old}} = \omega \tilde{R}_{je} \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} 0 \leq \omega < 2 \\ \text{SOR } O(N^3) \end{array} \right]$$

MULTIGRID $O(N^2)$

